

مشارکت دولتی-خصوصی(PPP): راهکاری برای کاهش مشکلات معاونت توسعه مدیریت و منابع دانشگاه علوم پزشکی تبریز

اولین ژورنال کلاب مبتنی بر مسئله گروه آموزشی مدیریت خدمات بهداشتی درمانی اردیبهشت ماه ۱۳۹۷

مقدمه

- o تعریف مشارکت دولتی خصوصی (PPP)
 - تاریخچه
- نجارب مشارکت دولتی-خصوصی در ایران
 - تجارب ملی در نظام سلامت
 - تجارب محلی در نظام سلامت

بخش دولتي

سیاست گذاری

برنامه ريزي

ارزشیابی و نظارت

پژوهش

آموزش

اجرا (ارائه خدمت)

بخش غيردولتي

الگوی مسئولیت ها در مشارکت بخش های دولتی و غیردولتی در ارائه خدمات بهداشت عمومی

بخش خصوصي

مقیاس انواع روش های ارائه خدمات از ابعاد خطر و مسئولیتهای بخش دولتی و خصوصی

Public private partnership in in-service training of physicians: the millennium development goal 6-partnership for African clinical training (M-PACT) approach

Obinna Ositadimma et all, West Africa, 2018

Methods:

- The RCP and WACP initiated the M-PACT program with funding obtained from Eco Bank Foundation
- 681 physicians from across the West African region
- medical leadership, malaria, tuberculosis and HIV/AIDS
- pre-and post-course testing, as well as daily and summative assessment to evaluate the courses.
- a six-month post-training evaluation

Results:

- positive participant feedback
- clinical practice of participants on prescription patterns, diagnostic approaches and case finding
- a decline in incidence and mortality due to malaria, HIV and TB
- significant impact on subsequent clinical practice, as demonstrated by the 6-month post-training review
- improved patient outcomes

Energy performance and public private partnership

Frederic Bougrain, France, 2016

Methods:

- 1. Evaluation of the performance of PPP projects: a literature review:
- ☐ respect for timely delivery and costs,
- ☐ innovation,
- ☐ service quality and
- ☐ life cycle costing;
- 2. ESPC: a case study (after impelemention):

face-to-face and phone interviews with: the manager of the Energy Department and the technical

executives

results:

Respect of timetable



contracted price





quality of service delivery



life cycle costs



PUBLIC-PRIVATE PARTNERSHIPS IN INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY FOR EDUCATION

Jouko Sarvi et all, 2015

Methods:

Brief descriptions of seven PPP initiatives involving ICT for education:

- 1. Infrastructure, Leasing, and Financial Service(IL&FS) (India)
- 2. Samoa Schoolnet (Samoa)
- 3. The Virtual University Pakistan (VUP) (Pakistan)
- 4. National Skills Development Corporation (NSDC) (India)
- 5. Low-cost Aakash Tablets (India)
- 6. GILAS (Gearing up Internet Literacy and Access for Students) Project (Philippines)
- 7. Intel Teach (Indonesia)

Results:

WHAT ARE THE IMPLICATIONS FOR POLICYMAKERS?

- Develop a Common Understanding of the Term
- Adopt Appropriate Partnerships for the Context
- Encourage the Development of Regulatory Frameworks
- Create a Clear Vision and Objectives
- Continuous and Transparent Monitoring

A review of studies on Public-Private Partnership projects in the construction industry

LiYaning Tang et all, 2010

Methods:

- □ Review papers relevant to PPP published in the six leading construction management journals
- □ 1998 to 2007
- case studies= 57
- Surveys= 43
- Literature reviews= 34
- Workshops papers= 2
- □ 85 studies related

Results:

- ☐ Risks
- □ Relationships
- ☐ Financing
- ☐ Project success factors
- ☐ Concession period

